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10/642,892	08/18/2003	Raymond V. Calvesio	RA-5621	3356
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1	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
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	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS
4 5	AND INTERFERENCES
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7	
8	Ex parte RAYMOND V. CALVESIO, MICHAEL J. GLAVAN,
9	VIRGIL V. POLINSKE, and JOHN A. OLSON
10	
11	
12	Appeal 2009-003660
13	Application 10/642,892
14	Technology Center 3600
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17	Decided: January 29, 2010
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21	Before MURRIEL E. CRAWFORD, JOSEPH A. FISCHETTI, and BIBHU
22	R. MOHANTY, Administrative Patent Judges.
23	
24	CRAWFORD, Administrative Patent Judge.
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27	DECISION ON APPEAL

1	STATEMENT OF THE CASE	
2	Appellants appeal under 35 U.S.C. § 134 (2002) from a final rejection	
3	of claims 1-32. We have jurisdiction under 35 U.S.C. § 6(b) (2002).	
4	Appellants invented systems and methods for processing passengers	
5	that are intending to cross international borders (Spec. 2:2-4).	
6	Claim 1 under appeal is further illustrative of the claimed invention as	
7	follows:	
8 9	 A method of using a data processing system for processing travelers crossing international borders, comprising: 	
.0 .1 .2 .3	 a) prior to the time of travel, allowing an authorized enrollment representative to employ the data processing system to enroll a traveler to utilize an automated check-in process after the authorized enrollment representative verifies that the traveler is eligible to make an international border crossing; and 	
.5 .6 .7	 b) at the time of travel, utilizing the automated check-in process to enable crossing of the international border, which may then be completed without aid of human intervention. 	
.8	The prior art relied upon by the Examiner in rejecting the claims on	
9	appeal is:	
20	Sehr US 6,085,976 Jul. 11, 2000	
21	The Examiner rejected claims 1-32 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being	
22	anticipated by Sehr.	
23	We AFFIRM.	
24		
25	ISSUES	
26	Did the Appellants show the Examiner erred in asserting that a	
27	passport agency issuing a passport to a traveler in Sehr corresponds to prior	
28	to time of travel, an authorized enrollment representative verifies that the	

Appeal 2009	9-003660
Application	10/642,892

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1 traveler is eligible to make an international border crossing, as recited in 2. independent claim 1? 3 Did the Appellants show the Examiner erred in asserting that a 4 passport agency certifying and authorizing downloading of passport information to a traveler's computerized card of Sehr corresponds to prior to 5 time of travel, an authorized enrollment representative enrolls a traveler to 6 7 utilize an automated check-in process, as recited in independent claim 1? 8 Did the Appellants show the Examiner erred in asserting that the 9 automated check-in and boarding pass issuance processes of Sehr 10 correspond to utilizing an automated check-in process to enable crossing of 11 an international border without aid of human intervention, as recited in 12 independent claim 1? 13 14 FINDINGS OF FACT 15 Specification 16 Appellants invented systems and methods for processing passengers 17 that are intending to cross international borders (Spec. 2:2-4). 18 19 Sehr 20 Sehr discloses a travel system and methods which utilize 21 computerized cards for the automated use of a traveler's permit and of other 22 travel-related documents, purchase of goods and services, and the rendering 23 of other traveling services (col. 2, ll. 63-67). 24 The automated travel system and methods include storing

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transportation rights, service entitlements, and cardholder considerations into

the passenger card; presenting the card for passage through passenger

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stations and admission to transportation means; and communicating card data and related information between and among the system entities (col. 3, ll. 57-67).

A major feature of the system is that these remote distributed databases, including the passenger card, always contain the same set of data that is required to qualify a passenger for travel or service eligibility (col. 5, 11, 29-32).

The cardholder's identity can be verified at the passenger station by a carrier/travel representative, including via selected information stored in the passenger card. For example, when presented for international travel, the card can provide the cardholder's certified picture that was previously stored in the card or imprinted onto the card package. The station's control module can capture the physical appearance of the passenger presenting the card and compare it with the picture stored in the card per se. If there is a match, the passenger's identity is established; otherwise, a message conveyed that the comparison was not successful. In addition, authorized personnel can also verify the picture imprinted onto the card, as well as the passenger's demographics information stored in the card; a successful verification indicates that cardholders are who they say they are. The passenger's identity can also be verified via security data stored in the card and information provided by the cardholder (col. 23, Il. 21-38).

Also stored in the card can be the card templates that are an electronic representation of the documents pertaining to the cardholder, such as the driver's license, car registration slip, insurance papers, and passport. These documents can be requested from the appropriate authorities, such as DMV

	Application 10/642,892
1	office, insurance company and passport agency, and certified and
2	downloaded into the card after proper identification is provided by the
3	cardholder (col. 32, ll. 11-18).
4	As the day of departure arrives, the cardholder drives to the airport to
5	catch the reserved flight (col. 33, 11. 49-50).
6	Upon arrival at the check-in counter, the passenger hands the card to
7	the airline representative who couples the card to the system for verification
8	purposes (col. 34, ll. 12-14).
9	Because this is an international travel, the passenger's passport will be
10	verified as well. The passport will be retrieved from the passenger card and
11	viewed on the control module's display screen. The representative can
12	verify the displayed information as is, or might request additional
13	information to further verify the lawful bearer; for example, the signature of
14	the passenger to be entered via a signature pad (col. 34, 1l. 23-30).
15	After successful verification, the system compiles and loads the
16	boarding pass into the card, as well as cancels the ticket portion, which is
17	related to the flight segment(s) the passenger has been qualified for (col. 34,
18	11. 34-37).
19	The above process of checking-in, tagging the luggage, and issuing a
20	boarding pass by an airline representative can also be accomplished
21	automatically via the card's built-in computerized means, while coupling the
22	card to the passenger station-like apparatus and communicating with the
23	airliner's system database (col. 35, ll. 57-62).
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25	PRINCIPLES OF LAW

Claim Construction

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While the specification can be examined for proper context of a claim
term, limitations from the specification will not be imported into the claims. *CollegeNet, Inc. v. ApplyYourself, Inc.*, 418 F.3d 1225, 1231 (Fed. Cir.
2005).

During examination of a patent application, a pending claim is given the broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification and should be read in light of the specification as it would be interpreted by one of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Am. Acad. of Sci. Tech. Ctr.*, 367 F.3d 1359, 1364 (Fed. Cir. 2004).

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ANALYSIS

12 Verification of Eligibility to Cross International Border 13 We are not persuaded of error on the part of the Examiner by 14 Appellants' argument that a passport agency issuing a passport to a traveler 15 in Sehr does not correspond to prior to time of travel, an authorized 16 enrollment representative verifies that the traveler is eligible to make an 17 international border crossing, as recited in independent claim 1 (App. Br. 14-18 15). The Examiner asserts that passport agencies correspond to the recited authorized enrollment representatives (Ex. Ans. 5-6). Appellants argue that 19 20 passport agencies do not perform any verification process that may 21 determine whether the traveler is eligible to make any particular 22 international border crossing because, for example, visas necessary to cross 23 a particular international border are not taken into account. However, this 24 "particular" aspect is not set forth in the claims. See CollegeNet, Inc., 418 25 F.3d at 1231. Under a broadest reasonable interpretation of "eligible," a 26 finding in Sehr that a traveler is generally eligible to make international

border crossings sufficiently satisfies this aspect of independent claim 1. See In re Am. Acad. of Sci. Tech. Ctr., 367 F.3d at 1364. Verification of general eligibility only requires that an entity has decided that a traveler could cross an unspecified international border at a future unspecified date and time, even if the traveler has no particular itinerary and may need to fulfill additional specific visa requirements for certain countries. To that end, a passport agency's issuance of a passport to a traveler, as set forth in Sehr, is verification that the traveler is generally eligible to cross international borders (col. 5, Il. 29-32; col. 32, Il. 11-18). Moreover, we agree with the Examiner that some countries only require a passport for entry. Accordingly, the issuance of a passport to a traveler is verification that the traveler is eligible to cross those particular

Automated Check-In Process

international borders.

We are not persuaded of error on the part of the Examiner by Appellants' argument that a passport agency certifying and authorizing downloading of passport information to a traveler's computerized card of Sehr does not correspond to prior to time of travel, an authorized enrollment representative enrolls a traveler to utilize an automated check-in process, as recited in independent claim 1 (App. Br. 17-19). Appellants assert that a passport official does not enroll a traveler to use any *particular* check-in process for a particular itinerary. However, such an aspect is also not set forth in the claims. *See CollegeNet, Inc.*, 418 F.3d at 1231. A broadest reasonable interpretation of "enrolls a traveler to utilize an automated check-in process" only requires that a traveler can use *any* automated check-in

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2 367 F.3d at 1364. Sehr discloses that a passport agency certifies and 3 authorizes downloading of passport information to a traveler's computerized 4 card (col. 32, Il. 11-18). Sehr also discloses that this computerized card can be used in automated check-in processes (col. 2, 1l. 63-67; col. 3, 1l. 57-67; 5 6 col. 35, Il. 57-62). Accordingly, Sehr meets the aforementioned claim 7 aspects. 8 9 Without Human Intervention 10 We are not persuaded of error on the part of the Examiner by 11 Appellants' argument that the automated check-in and boarding pass 12 issuance processes of Sehr does not correspond to utilizing an automated-13 check-in process to enable crossing of an international border without aid of human intervention, as recited in independent claim 1 (App. Br. 19-25). 14 15 Appellants assert that the automation of processes in column 35, lines 57-62 16 of Sehr only apply to "checking-in, tagging the luggage, and issuing a 17 boarding pass," and that verification of a traveler's eligibility to cross 18 international borders is not included. However, independent claim 1 recites 19 an "automated check-in process," which is one of the items clearly listed by 20 the aforementioned portion of Sehr. Additionally, absent additional 21 guidance in the claims as to what exactly enables a traveler to cross an 22 international border, both automated check-in and automated issuance of a 23 boarding pass are processes that facilitate enabling a traveler to cross an 24 international border. See In re Am. Acad. of Sci. Tech. Ctr., 367 F.3d at 25 1364.

process for an unspecified itinerary. See In re Am. Acad. of Sci. Tech. Ctr.,

1	Moreover, verifying a traveler's eligibility to cross international
2	borders is a part of at least the check-in and boarding pass issuing processes
3	set forth in Sehr (col. 33, II. 49-50; col. 34, II. 12-14; col. 34, II. 23-30; col.
4	34, Il. 34-37). While Appellants may be referring to a more specific
5	definition of verification, such aspects are not set forth in the claims. See
6	CollegeNet, Inc., 418 F.3d at 1231.
7	Furthermore, Sehr discloses automated identity verification when
8	"[t]he station's control module capture[s] the physical appearance of the
9	passenger presenting the card and compare[s] it with the picture stored in the
10	card per se" (col. 23, 11. 21-38).
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12	Claims 2-32
13	Appellants assert that independent claims 23 and 31 include aspects
14	similar to independent claim 1, and thus are allowable for the same reasons
15	(App. Br. 26-27). As we sustain the rejection of independent claim 1, we
16	also sustain the rejections of independent claims 23 and 31.
17	Appellants assert that dependent claims 2-22, 24-30 and 32 are
18	allowable due to their dependence from respective allowable independent
19	claims 1, 23, and 31 (App. Br. 27). As we sustain the rejections of
20	independent claims 1, 23, and 31, we also sustain the rejections of dependent
21	claims 2-22, 24-30, and 32.
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23	CONCLUSION OF LAW
24	On the record before us, Appellants have not shown that the Examiner
25	erred in rejecting claims 1-32.

1	DECISION
2	The decision of the Examiner to reject claims 1-32 is affirmed.
3	No time period for taking any subsequent action in connection with
4	this appeal may be extended under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) (2007).
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6	<u>AFFIRMED</u>
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22	Blue Bell, PA 19424